

A C4413(3) FRIMLEY & CAMBERLEY

FRIMLEY AND CAMBERLEY URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

AND THE

CHIEF SANITARY INSPECTOR

FOR

1951.

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S T A F F.

Medical Officer of Health.
F. CHURCHILL DAVIDSON, M.B.,Ch.B.,D.P.H..

Deputy Medical Officer of Health.
R.A. GOODALL, M.B.,B.S..

Chief Sanitary Inspector.
B.J.D. WARREN, M.R.San.I.,M.S.I.A..

Deputy Chief Sanitary Inspector.
A.J. DESBROW, M.S.I.A..

Additional Sanitary Inspector.
M.J. DAVIS, M.S.I.A..

Chief Clerk.
MISS M. HOPPINS.

Clerk.
MISS E.B. HODGE.

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THEORY OF THE EARTH

BY J. H. VAN DER KAM

PH.D. UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

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REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
FOR THE YEAR 1951.

To the Chairman and Members of the
Frimley and Camberley Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

In accordance with the directions of the Minister of Health, I have pleasure in submitting my Annual Report for 1951.

There was a marked increase in the number of infectious disease cases notified, arising chiefly as a result of Measles and Whooping Cough.

Only two cases of Food Poisoning were notified during the year, although in addition there were some twenty isolated cases of vomiting and diarrhoea - no specific conclusions were deduced from the detailed investigations made.

Generally the health of the community may be regarded as of a high standard.

Compared with the previous year's figures, the legitimate Birth Rate shows a slight increase and the illegitimate Birth Rate a slight decrease.

The total number of Deaths shows a slight increase and the chief cause of death continues to be 'Heart Disease'. There were no Deaths from Puerperal Causes. Details of causes of death are shown on page 3.

VITAL STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS.

Area 7,766 acres.

Population (Registrar General's
Estimated Mid-Year 1951) 21,000 (including
non-civilians)

Number of dwellinghouses
(At 31st December, 1951). 4,573

Rateable Value.. £218,025

Rates in the £.. 16s. 5d.

Product of a Penny Rate
(At 31.3.52). £878. 17s 1.868d.

		<u>Total.</u>	<u>Male.</u>	<u>Female.</u>
LIVE BIRTHS	(Legitimate	317	163	154
	(Illegitimate	13	10	3
STILL BIRTHS	(Legitimate	6	3	3
	(Illegitimate	-	-	-
DEATHS	...	210	105	105

Deaths from puerperal causes:-

	<u>Deaths.</u>	<u>Rate per 1,000 total (Live & Still) births.</u>
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(a) Puerperal sepsis	-	-
(b) Other puerperal causes	-	-

Deaths of Infants under one year of age:-

	<u>Total.</u>	<u>Male.</u>	<u>Female.</u>
Legitimate	9	7	2
Illegitimate.. ...	-	-	-

Deaths of Infants under 4 weeks of age:-

Legitimate... ..	8	6	2
Illegitimate.. ...	-	-	-

CLASSIFICATION OF CAUSES OF DEATH ACCORDING TO DISEASES.

Cause of Death.				Males.	Females.	Total.
1.	Tuberculosis, respiratory	...	...	1	1	2
2.	Tuberculosis, other	...	...	-	1	1
3.	Syphilitic disease.	...	...	-	-	-
4.	Diphtheria...	...	...	-	-	-
5.	Whooping Cough	...	...	-	-	-
6.	Meningococcal infections.	...	...	-	-	-
7.	Acute Poliomyelitis	...	...	-	-	-
8.	Measles	...	...	-	-	-
9.	Other infective and parasitic diseases	...	...	1	-	1
10.	Malignant neoplasm, stomach	...	...	5	4	9
11.	Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus...	...	...	4	1	5
12.	Malignant neoplasm, breast	...	...	-	4	4
13.	Malignant neoplasm, uterus	...	...	-	2	2
14.	Other malignant & lymphatic neoplasms	...	...	12	7	19
15.	Leukaemia, aleukaemia	...	...	-	-	-
16.	Diabetes	...	...	1	-	1
17.	Vascular lesions of nervous system...	...	...	8	19	27
18.	Coronary disease, angina.	...	...	14	12	26
19.	Hypertensions with heart disease	...	...	3	2	5
20.	Other heart disease	...	...	21	23	44
21.	Other circulatory disease	...	...	2	3	5
22.	Influenza	...	...	2	3	5
23.	Pneumonia	...	...	4	5	9
24.	Bronchitis...	...	...	6	2	8
25.	Other diseases of respiratory system.	...	...	1	2	3
26.	Ulcer of stomach and duodenum..	...	...	1	-	1
27.	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea...	...	...	-	-	-
28.	Nephritis and nephrosis..	...	...	2	1	3
29.	Hyperplasia of prostate..	...	...	1	-	1
30.	Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion	...	...	-	-	-
31.	Congenital malformations.	...	...	4	-	4
32.	Other defined & ill-defined diseases.	...	...	9	11	20
33.	Motor vehicle accidents...	...	...	1	-	1
34.	All other accidents	...	...	1	1	2
35.	Suicide	...	...	1	1	2
36.	Homicide and operations of war.	...	...	-	-	-
TOTALS				105	105	210

CRUDE BIRTH RATE	...	15.71
BIRTH RATE (Corrected with comparability factor)	...	17.75
CRUDE DEATH RATE	...	10.00
DEATH RATE (Corrected with comparability factor)	...	11.90
DEATH RATE OF INFANTS UNDER ONE YEAR OF AGE:-		
nine (All infants per 1,000 Live Births	...	27.27
death (Legitimate Infants per 1,000 Legitimate Births	...	28.4
Illegitimate Infants per 1,000 Illegitimate Births	...	-

Notifiable Diseases (other than Tuberculosis).

	<u>Total cases notified...</u>	<u>Cases admitted to Hospital.</u>	<u>Total Deaths.</u>
Smallpox	-	-	-
Scarlet Fever. ...	31	8	1
Diphtheria	-	-	-
Enteric Fever (including paratyphoid)	-	-	-
Dysentery	1	1	-
Food Poisoning ...	2	-	-
Puerperal Pyrexia...	1	1	-
Pneumonia (All forms)	4	1	9
Erysipelas	-	-	-
Encephalitis Lethargica	-	-	-
Ac. Poliomyelitis	-	-	-
Paralytic	-	-	-
Non-paralytic..	-	-	-
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	-	-	-
Cerebro Spinal Fever	-	-	-
Measles	487	4	-
Whooping Cough ...	110	-	-
Malaria Relapse (Contracted abroad)	1	1	-

During the year eight premises have been disinfected, comprising:-

Scarlet Fever. ...	5
Tuberculosis.. ...	2
Cancer... ..	1

Fifteen lots of clothing and bedding were subjected to steam disinfection during the year.

Disinfection in cases of non-notifiable disease is carried out on request, and the cost re-charged.

St. Lukes Hospital, Guildford.
Military Isolation Hospitals.

Hospital Services.

Since July 5th. 1948, the Council ceased to have any financial liability for maintenance of cases of infectious disease in the Aldershot Civil Isolation Hospital and, consequently, medical practitioners had no obligation to obtain permission of the Council before admission of patients to that Hospital. Close co-operation on this subject between the Medical Officer of Health and general practitioners, however, continues to be maintained and compulsory removal under the Public Health Act, 1936, is unnecessary.

After the National Health Act came into operation, the following hospitals in the area were transferred to the South West Metropolitan Regional Hospital Board, Group No.8 (Farnham) comprising:

Farnham County Hospital.
Aldershot Hospital.
Frimley and Camberley District Hospital.
Fleet and District Hospital.
Trimmers, Farnham.
Farnborough and Cove Hospital.
Yateley and District Hospital.
Aldershot Maternity Hospital.
Aldershot Civil Isolation Hospital.
Farnham Infectious Disease Hospital.
Heath End Sanatorium, Farnham.

The following representatives from this District served on the Hospital Management Committee:-

Mrs. B.E. Redding, 25, Station Road, Frimley.
Lt.Col.C.G. Astley Cooper, "Abergeldie", Chobham Road,
Camberley (Deceased 30.7.51)
A.C. Beer, Esq., "Erin", Park Road, Camberley (from 18.10.51).

Camberley and Frimley District Nursing Association.

The following work was carried out during the year ended March 31st. 1952:-

<u>Cases.</u>	Camberley	445 (Mid. 22: Mat. 7: General 416)
	Frimley	215 (Mid. 29: Mat. 3: General 183)

<u>Visits.</u>	Camberley	6,915.	Frimley	3,189.
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The individual work of the Nurses has tended to increase. The actual number of cases visited shows a slight decrease from 10,864 to 10,104.

The two flats built for the Association with the money provided by the Dempster Trust, are practically completed and it is expected that the Frimley Nurse and Miss Hennell will be occupying them in the near future.

Venereal Disease.

Treatment of venereal disease is given at Clinics attached to the following hospitals:-

GUILDFORD: Royal Surrey County Hospital (Out-patients Dept)
 Sessions:- Males: Tuesday & Friday: 5 - 7 p.m.
 Females: Monday: 2 - 7 p.m.
 Thursday: 9.30 - 11 a.m.
 WOKING: Woking and District Victoria Hospital,
 Sessions:- Males: Thursday: 5 - 7 p.m.
 Females: Tuesday: 4 - 7 p.m.

TUBERCULOSIS.

New cases and Mortality
during 1951.

Age Periods	New cases.				Deaths.			
	Respiratory.		Non-Respiratory.		Respiratory.		Non-Respiratory.	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	1
15	2	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	2	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
45	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
55	2	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
65 & upwards.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Totals	13	13	-	1	1	1	-	1

Note:- New cases include ten transfers
 (Five Females and five Males)

The Register shows that the number of persons resident in the Urban District on December 31st, 1951, suffering from Tuberculosis was:- 157-

	<u>Male.</u>	<u>Female.</u>	<u>Total.</u>
Respiratory	77	57	134
Non-respiratory	15	8	23

Tuberculosis Dispensaries.

Tuberculosis Dispensaries are available at the following centres:-

FARNHAM: Brightwells, East Street.

Tuesdays at 9.30 a.m.

WOKING: Clarence Avenue.

Mondays at 10 a.m.

2nd Monday at 5.30 p.m.

GUILDFORD: Tower House, Epsom Road.

Mondays and Wednesdays at 1.30 p.m.

Fridays at 9.30 a.m.

Midwifery.

There are eight midwives practising in the District.

Maternity and Child Welfare.

Four maternity and child welfare clinics are provided in the area.

Laboratory facilities.

The Clinical Research Association Ltd., continued to carry out pathological and bacteriological examinations on behalf of the Council, in addition to facilities available under the Ministry of Health Public Health Laboratory Service.

The following "Antigens" are available on application:-

1. Diphtheria Antitoxin.
2. Diphtheria Prophylactic Alum Precipitated Toxoid.
3. Streptococcus Antitoxin (Scarlatina).
4. Anti-Tetanic Serum.
5. Anti-Venimeux Serum.

Diphtheria Immunisation.

279 children were immunised and 406 re-immunised against Diphtheria during the year. It is estimated that approximately 53.24% and 95.4% respectively of children under five and between five and fifteen have been immunised.

Scabies.

Clinics are held as required at the Surrey County Council Welfare Centre. Valuable voluntary assistance is given by members of the British Red Cross Detachment (Surrey 14) both in connection with scabies and diphtheria immunisation.

Yours faithfully,

F. CHURCHILL DAVIDSON.

Medical Officer of Health.

REPORT OF THE CHIEF SANITARY INSPECTOR FOR THE
YEAR - 1951.

To the Chairman and Members of the
Frimley & Camberley Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in submitting the following report
relating to the work of the Department carried out during the
year,

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

WATER - Sources of Supply.

Water is supplied for the whole of the Urban District
by the Mid-Wessex Water Company.

The supply is obtained from the Company's deep wells
in the chalk at Greywell, near Odiham, and at Itchell, near
Crandall, together with the pumping stations at Frimley and
the station at Beenham's Heath, near Wokingham.

Treatment.

The Frimley water has a total hardness of 5.5 grains
per gallon, and is subject to treatment by aeration, sand
filtration and chlorination before being pumped into supply.
The Company are required by statute to reduce the hardness of
water supplied to a limit of 12 grains per gallon, and in
view of this condition the supplies of water from Itchell,
Greywell and Beenham's Heath which have a total hardness of
19.5 grains per gallon, are subjected to treatment by lime
process in addition to filtration and chlorination.

Purity of Supply.

All sources are practically sterile in the raw state
before treatment, but a precautionary dose of chlorine is
introduced into the normal process of treatment in conformity
with modern waterworks practice. The Company has its own
resident Chemists and Bacteriologists.

Samples of water from the mains in the District have shown a consistently high standard of organic and bacteriological purity.

(I have pleasure in acknowledging the information relating to the supply and treatment of water by the Chief Engineer of the Mid-Wessex Water Company).

PUBLIC CLEANSING AND SALVAGE.

The collection service underwent little change except for an intensive drive for waste paper in support of the National Contest organised by the Waste Paper Recovery Association. The combination of increased tonnage and high prices brought results surpassing any previous returns. The result of the Contest was not known at the end of the year but confident hopes of a major award were subsequently justified.

Refuse disposal by controlled tipping continued to be operated but partial mechanisation was adopted after detailed consideration of all relevant factors; a Fordson 'Major' tractor fitted with 'Muledozer' equipment was put into operation in May, 1951.

The development of the District continued to result in a steady increase in the service to be provided.

The following salvaged materials were sold during the financial year ended 31st March, 1952.

	Tons.	cwts.	qrs.	lbs.	£	s	d
Mixed Paper	395	13	1	0	6,670	14	9
Bones		13	3	19	5	11	11
Textiles	27	8	0	19	866	11	4
Non-Ferrous Metals	1	13	3	16	112	11	4
Ferrous Scrap	33	7	2	0	104	3	1
Miscellaneous	1	11	0	0	12	0	8
Sleepers (384)	-	-	-	-	96	0	0
	460	7	2	26	£7,867	13	1

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

MILK SUPPLY.

The production of milk at dairy farms is now under the supervision of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries. There are still 15 producers of milk in the District but the majority of milk consumed in the area is provided by Wholesalers outside the administrative area. There has been an increase in the supply and demand for designated milk - the supply of raw milk now being strictly limited.

The supply of all milk to schools is designated.

The number of milk producers and retailers operating in the Urban District are set out in the following table:-

No. of Registered Cowkeepers	15
,, Registered Retail Purveyors	16
,, Retail Purveyors operating from outside the area.	6
Licensed to Bottle Tuberculin Tested Milk..	2
,,,, Retail ,, ,, ,,	11
,,,, Pasteurised Milk	1
,,,, Retail Pasteurised Milk.	10
Supplementary Licences to retail	
Tuberculin Tested Milk.	1
Pasteurised Milk.	1

MILK SAMPLING.

Raw Milk.

19 samples of ordinary milk were submitted for bacteriological examination, of these 13 were satisfactory.

Pasteurised Milk.

55 samples of Pasteurised Milk were submitted to the Phosphatase Test and all of these were found to be satisfactory.

Tuberculin Tested Milk.

13 samples of Tuberculin Tested Milk were submitted for bacteriological examination and were satisfactory.

Biological Examination of Milk.

During the year 23 samples of milk were submitted to a biological examination for the detection of the presence of tubercle bacilli; in 22 cases a negative result was obtained.

A positive report indicating the presence of Tubercle Bacilli after biological examination was received in respect of one retailer's supply.

Arrangements were made for this supply of milk to be pasteurised - this designated milk was available for all consumers concerned within 12 hours - the closest co-operation was afforded by the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries and the Milk Marketing Board and their ready co-operation is gratefully acknowledged.

Further investigation in association with the Veterinary Department of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries involved the checking of milk supplies from three farms which led to the isolation of the infected cow at one of the farms, and its subsequent slaughter under the provisions of the Tuberculosis Order, 1938. Subsequent samples of milk from the herd were certified to be non-tuberculous.

Cleansing and Sterilising Equipment etc..

Improvements have been carried out at two dairy premises in the district, including the provision of new impervious walls and flooring, and enlargement of refrigeration stores.

The Milk (Special Designation)(Pasteurised and Sterilised) Regulations, 1949.

By arrangements between the Council and the Surrey County Council the Chief Sanitary Inspector continues to administer the provisions of these Regulations within the administrative area of the Frimley and Camberley Urban District Council.

MEAT AND OTHER FOODS.

The routine examination of foodstuffs continues an important branch of the Department's work. Close association is maintained with the Ministry of Food, Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries and the Milk Marketing Board.

168 Inspections have been made to examine food during the year, and the following commodities were condemned:-

FISH.

6 st. Kippers.
47½ lbs. Herring Roe.
9 lbs. Halibut.
8 lbs. Hake.
13 tins Sardines.
6 tins Mussels.
3 tins Salmon.
2 tins Brislings.
2 tins Pilchards
2 tins Crab.
2 tins Prawns.
1 tin Shrimps.
1 tin Herrings in Tomato.
1 tin Fish Paste.

MEAT.

94½ lbs. English Beef.
6½ lbs. English Pork.
2 lbs. English Lamb.
5 lbs. English Bacon.
375¼ lbs. Imported Ham.
¼ lb. Danish Pork.
13 lbs. Imported Beef.
137¼ lbs. Corned Beef.
103¼ lbs. Luncheon Meat.
33 lbs. Jellied Veal.
11 lbs. Pork & Beef Loaf.
3½ lbs. Pork Brawn.
1 lb. Tongues and Veal.
23¼ lbs. Sausages.
40 lbs. Rabbits.
12½ lbs. Tinned Chicken.
3 lbs. Braised Kidneys.
15 ozs. Braised Hearts.
5 tins Meat & Vegetables.
2 tins Stewed Steak.
1 jar Meat Paste.

VEGETABLES, SWEETMEATS ETC..

1½ lbs. Butter.
32 tins Evaporated Milk.
5 tins Skimmed Milk.
6 tins Full Cream Milk.
2 x 20 lb. boxes Pura Milk.
22 tins Pears.
17 tins Plums.
4 tins Cherries.
4 tins Apple.
3 tins Grapes.
3 tins Gooseberries.
3 tins Peaches.
3 tins Oranges.
2 tins Guavas.
2 tins Pineapple Crush.
1 tin Pineapple Slices.
1 tin Pineapple Juice.
1 tin Grapefruit.
1 tin Grapefruit Juice.
1 tin Damsons.
5 jars Apricots.
2 jars Fruit Salad.
1 tin Orange Juice.
1 bottle Orange Squash.
11 tins Jam.
8 tins Marmalade.
1 tin Lemon Curd.
1 jar Honey.
2 tins Mincemeat.
1 Christmas Pudding.
1 Apple Pudding.
1 tin Custard.
24 Eggs.
44 lbs. Cepco Egg.
5 Cheese.
13½ lbs. Cheese Trimmings.
1 tin Sandwich Spread.
1 bottle Salad Cream.

VEGETABLES, SWEETMEATS ETC.. (Continued).

36 tins Soup.	34 lbs. Chocolates.
2 tins Mixed Vegetables.	42 lbs. Nougat.
80 tins Tomatoes.	$\frac{3}{4}$ lb. Toffee,
38 tins Peas.	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. Butter
11 tins Beans.	(Dealt with in accordance
6 tins Carrots.	with Circ. M.F. 3/48).
2 tins Spinach.	2 cwt. Sausage Rusk
3 tins Spaghetti.	(Unfit for manufacturing purposes
1 tin Ravioli	due to damage by water during
26 pkts. Puffed Wheat.	transit).

All food premises are under constant supervision and a close association exists between the Department and all branches of the industry. Improvements have been made at Wet Fish Shops by provision of glass windows and cold store cabinets.

Progress continues to be made in the standard of food hygiene throughout the district, and the advice of the department is constantly sought - in a number of cases alteration to the premises has involved work under licence, which has been negotiated by the Department and Ministry concerned.

There are no Government Slaughterhouses in the district although arrangements have been maintained for one slaughterhouse in the district to be licensed by the Council for the slaughter of pigs. Details of all licences authorising the slaughter of pigs continue to be notified by the Ministry for the information of the Department.

FOOD BYELAWS.

The Council made Byelaws relating to the Handling, Wrapping and Delivery of Food.

In order that every employer and employee associated with the handling and distribution of food should be acquainted with the provisions of these byelaws copies were supplied free of charge to every trader. The Council further decided that additional copies required for distribution amongst staff engaged in the food industry should be left to the discretion of the Council's Chief Sanitary Inspector.

FOOD POISONING.

Only two cases of Food Poisoning were reported during the course of the year.

The following foodstuff was submitted for detailed analysis:-

Artificial Cream - Satisfactory.

Manufacture and Sale of Ice Cream.

There are now 57 premises registered in the district; 2 of these are licensed to manufacture and 55 are licensed to retail prepacked ice cream. All premises and vehicles used in connection with this trade have been kept under constant supervision and a close liaison exists between those Local Authority in whose area the manufactured commodity is produced.

The Council has been exacting in their requirements concerning the suitability of premises proposed for use in the manufacture and retail of Ice Cream.

Samples of Ice Cream have been taken from the various manufacturers and retailers, the results of analysis being as follows:-

Grade 1	25
Grade 2	22
Grade 3	9
Grade 4	Nil.
Testing of samples	
prejudiced by colouring	
matter	25

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1938.

Return of Samples taken in the District by the Surrey County Council and analysed during 1951.

Articles.	Analysed.			Adulterated or Irregular.			Prosecutions.	Convictions.
	For-mal.	In-for-mal.	Total.	For-mal.	In-for-mal.	Total		
<u>FOOD.</u>								
Milk	64	23	87	7	5	12	-	-
Ice Cream.	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Jelly.	4	1	5	2	-	2	-	-
Pepper	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Gelatine	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
<u>DRUGS.</u>								
Cough & Cold Mixture.	-	2	2	-	1	1	-	-
Lung Balsam.	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-
TOTALS.	70	29	99	9	6	15	-	-

VERMIN INFESTATION CONTROL.

Rodent Destruction.

During the year 425 premises were treated for rat and mice infestations and as a result of this work 4,911 rats were destroyed.

A survey of the Council's sewers was carried out in the month of February at the request of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries. During the test 72 manholes were baited and "no takes" recorded which may be regarded as a very satisfactory result.

The Chairman of the Public Health Committee of Frimley and Camberley and your Chief Sanitary Inspector have continued to serve as Chairman and Honorary Secretary of the Surrey No. 1 Workable Area Committee which comprises the following Local Authorities:-

Frimley & Camberley Urban District Council.
Egham Urban District Council.
Walton & Weybridge Urban District Council.
Chertsey Urban District Council.
Bagshot Rural District Council.
Surrey County Agricultural Executive Committee.
Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries.

Meetings are held quarterly at the Offices of the District Local Authorities in rotation.

Other vermin.

One premise was dealt with for bug infestation. Bedding, clothing and other soft-furnishings were dealt with by steam disinfection. A repeat treatment of fumigation is carried out as a routine after 21 days, with most satisfactory results.

Thirty properties have been treated for the following infestations:-

Wasps nests	22
Bees	3
Cockroaches	3
Lice	1
Silverfish	1

Mosquito Control.

Watercourses, ditches and ponds in the District, where mosquitoes are known to be breeding, are sprayed at regular intervals during the season as a routine treatment.

The House Longhorn Beetle. (Hylotrupes bajulus)

The survey in association with this work has continued for the purpose of establishing the extent of infestation by the house longhorn beetle. An advisory service is available free of charge to Architects, Surveyors, Estate Agents, Householders etc., where surveys of property require this specialised examination or treatment. In addition to normal routine work it is now the practice to survey properties on behalf of Surveyors and Agents particularly where the property is up for public auction or private sale.

Further Conferences have been held during the year with the Ministry of Health, Dr. R.C. Fisher, Scientific Research Laboratory, Princes Risborough, and your Chief Sanitary Inspector. The closest liaison is maintained with the laboratory.

Petroleum (Regulations) Acts, 1928 - 1936.

Thirty-nine licences were issued during the year, sanctioning the storage of petroleum spirit or petroleum mixtures in the form of cellulose.

Storage for bulk supplies of petroleum spirit is provided in underground steel tanks varying in capacity from 250 to 2,000 gallons. Cellulose paint spraying mixtures are stored in metal containers of one to five gallon capacity - bulk supplies of these commodities are kept in brick, metal or other approved fireproof structures.

Total fees received for licences £26. 0. 0.

B.J.D. WARREN.

Chief Sanitary Inspector.

SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE AREA.

Inspections.

HOUSING:-

Inspections re Housing Defects	709
,, under Housing Acts	8
,, ,, ,, re overcrowding.	1

VERMINOUS PREMISES.

Houses inspected	5
,, disinfested	5
No. of dirty premises.	3
Other pests.	27

NOTICES SERVED.

No. of informal notices served	53
,, ,, ,, complied with.	47
,, statutory ,, served	5
,, ,, ,, complied with.	4
,, Court proceedings	-

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Inquiries in cases of Infectious Disease . . .	43
Visits re disinfection	17
Miscellaneous Infectious Disease visits (Food Poisoning). . .	46

GENERAL SANITATION.

Inspection re complaints	151
Water supplies	9
Watercourses	19
Stables.	2
Piggeries.	118
Fried Fish Shops, Fishmongers.	22
Dairies and Milk Shops	200
Cowsheds	5
Butcher Shops.	70
Provision Stores, Restaurants, Cafes, etc. . .	171
Food Inspections	168
Bakehouses	32
Moveable dwellings	28
Factories.	47
Theatres	2
Refuse collection, disposal and salvage. . . .	716
Schools.	7
Petroleum Inspections.	33
Public Conveniences.	258
Rats and Mice Destruction.	359
Mortuary	11
Burials (under National Assistance Act, 1948). .	Nil
Survey - House Longhorn Beetle	116
Disinfestation	133
Diphtheria Immunisation.	6
Miscellaneous.	988

FACTORIES ACTS, 1937 and 1948.

PART I OF THE ACT.

1.- INSPECTIONS for the purposes of provisions as to health

Premises.	No. on Regis- ter.	Number of		
		Inspec- tions.	Written notices.	Occupiers prosecuted.
(i) Factories in which Sect.1,2,3,4 & 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities.	89	47	9	Nil
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Sect.7 is enforced by the Local Authority.	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
(iii) Other Premises in which Section. 7 is enforced by L.A. (excl.out-workers' premises)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
TOTAL.	89	47	9	Nil

2.- CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND.

Particulars.	No.of cases in which defects were found.				No.of cases in which prosecutions were instituted.
	Found.	Re-med-ied.	Referred		
			To H.M. Inspec-tor.	By H.M. Inspec-tor.	
Want of cleanliness (S.1) . .	5	5	-	1	-
Overcrowding (S.2).	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation (S.4).	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7) .					
(a) insufficient	1	1	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective.	1	1	-	-	-
(c) not separate for sexes .	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork).	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL.	7	7	-	1	-

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